Physics 501-21 Assignment 5

1) Show that to first order in ϵ , a phase fluctuation does not alter the pressure exerted by an electromagnetic file on a mirror, while an amplitude fluctuation does.

Assume that the background incoming field is

$$\mathfrak{A}\sin(\omega_0(t-x))\tag{1}$$

The phase fluctuation is

$$\mathfrak{A}(\sin(\omega_0(t-x) + \epsilon \cos(\hat{\omega}(t-x)))$$
(2)

Assume that $\hat{\omega} \ll \omega_0$), while an amplitude fluctuation is

$$\mathfrak{A}((1 - \epsilon \cos(\hat{\omega}(t - x)))\sin(\omega_0(t - x)))$$
(3)

You can ignore terms in the pressure with frequencies of order ω_0 or larger.

2)A generalised squeezed state is the "vacuum" state for two modes where the annihilation operators with annihilation operators A, B where the new annihilation operators are

$$\tilde{A} = e^{i\phi}\cosh(\theta)A + e^{-i\phi}\sinh(\theta)B^{\dagger}$$
(4)

$$\tilde{B} = e^{i\phi}\cosh(\theta)B + e^{-i\phi}\sinh(\theta)A^{\dagger}$$
(5)

Show that these operators obey the commutation relations for independent annihilation and creation operators if A, B do. What is the vacuum state for \tilde{A} , \tilde{B} in terms of the vacuum state for A, B?

What phase ϕ would you choose to minimize the expectation value of $(e^{i\delta}A + e^{-i\delta}B^{\dagger})^2$ in the \tilde{A} , \tilde{B} vacuum state.

3.) Show that the state for the light bouncing off a "free" mirror (equation of motion in absence of an electromagnetic field is $\partial_t^2 X = 0$) converts vacuum state for the incoming field into a squeezed state for the outgoing field. The boundary condition for the field at the mirror is that $\phi(t, x) = 0$. To simplify the system, assume that the incoming field is

$$e^{i\omega_0(t-x)}(\mathfrak{A} + Ae^{i\hat{\omega}(t-x)} + Be^{-i\hat{\omega}(t-x)} + \mathbf{HC}$$
(6)

(Ie, there are just two frequencies $\omega_0 \pm \omega$ in the field with their annihilation operators.) for a single frequency $\hat{\omega}$. \mathfrak{A} is a c-number, while A and B are annihilation operators. Show that for the beam leaving the mirror, the original vacuum state for A, B is a squeezed state for the operators leaving the mirror. $\omega \ll \omega_0$.

You can assume that X(t) is always very small, and that ω is the same order as the time variation of X(t) (Ie, also that one can neglect any oscillations on X of order ω_0 or higher