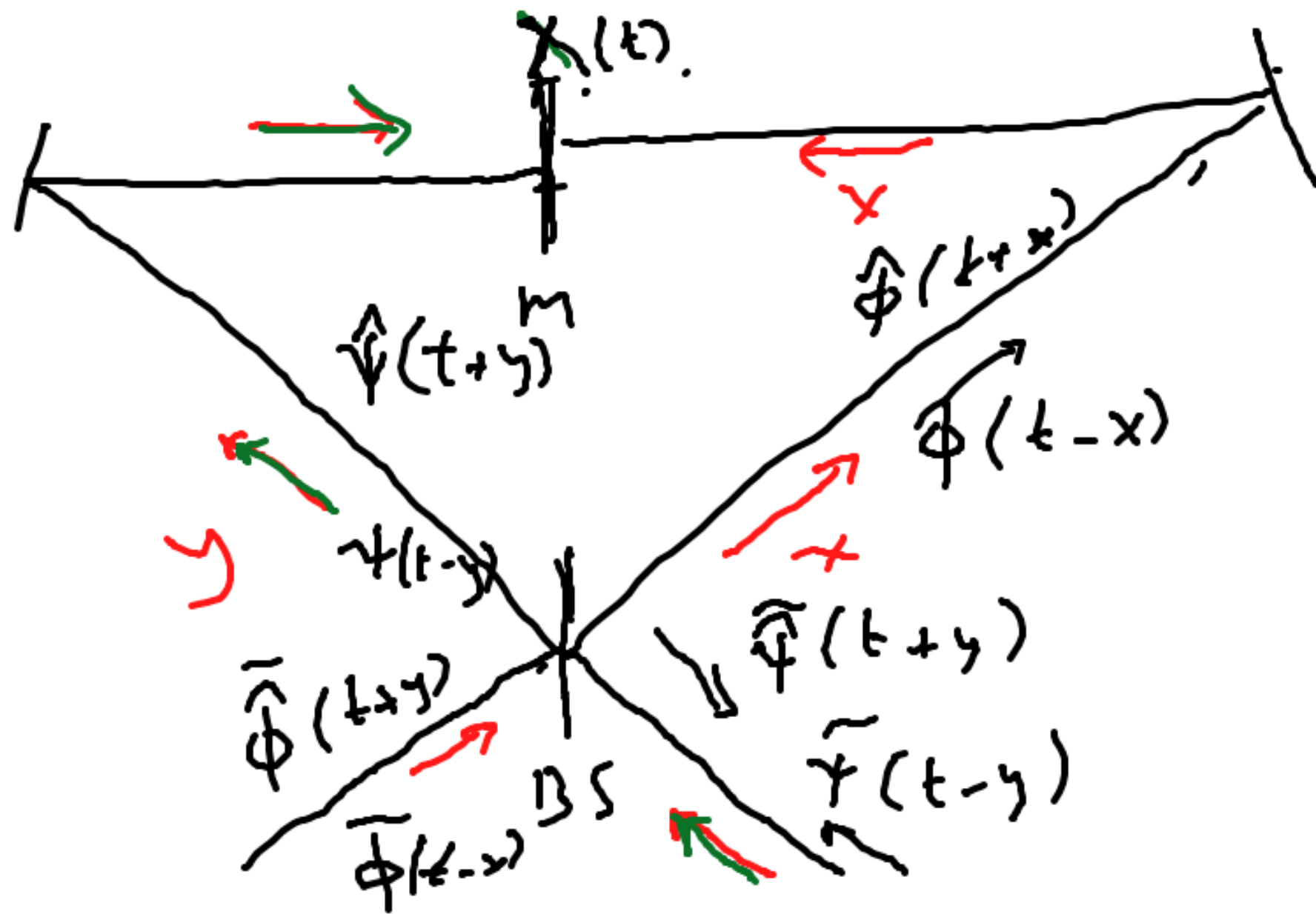




$$X(t) = X_0 + \hat{X}(t)$$

$$\phi(t-x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\tilde{\phi}(t-x) + \tilde{\psi}(t-x))$$

$$\psi(t-y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\tilde{\phi}(t-y) - \tilde{\psi}(t-y))$$

mirror

$$\partial_x (\phi(t-x) + \hat{\phi}(t+x)) \Big|_{x=X(t)}$$

$$\bar{\phi}(t) = \phi(t - 2X(t))$$

$$X(t + \delta x) \approx X(t)$$

$$\hat{\psi}(t) = \psi(t + 2X(t))$$

$$-2 \dot{X}(t) X(t) \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\phi} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{\phi} + \hat{\psi}) = \bar{\phi} \\ \tilde{\psi} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{\phi} - \hat{\psi}) = \bar{\psi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{X}(t) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\tilde{\Psi}}(t+y) = \frac{1}{2} & \left(\tilde{\Psi}_- (t+y-2X(t)) \leftarrow \text{v.t. branch} \right. \\ & + \tilde{\Psi} (t+y+2X(t)) \rightarrow \text{u.t. branch} \\ & + \tilde{\Phi} (t+y-2X(t)) - \text{right} \\ & \left. - \tilde{\Phi} (t+y+2X(t)) - \text{left} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{X(t) \rightarrow X(t+y)}$$

$$X(t) = X_0 + \hat{X}(t)$$

Mirror

$$M \partial_t^2 X = F(t) + Pa$$

$$P = \frac{1}{4} \left((\partial_t \Phi_T(t, x))^2 + (\partial_x \Phi_T(t, x))^2 - (\partial_t \Psi_T(t, y))^2 - (\partial_x \Psi_T(t, y))^2 \right) \Big|_{x=-y}^{x=y} = X(\theta)$$

Variation of Lagrangian

$$\frac{i}{2} \int \sqrt{-\det g} \left(g^{tt} (\partial_t \phi)^2 + g^{xx} (\partial_x \phi)^2 \right) dx$$

$$g = -1/g^{tt} g^{xx}$$

Vary w.r.t $g^{xx} \Rightarrow$ Pressure.
 $(g^{tt} = -g^{xx} = 1)$

$$\Phi_{\tau}(t, x) = \phi(t-x) + \hat{\phi}(t+x)$$

Boundary cond $\left. \partial_x \Phi_{\tau}(t, x) \right|_{x=X} = 0$

$$P = \frac{1}{4} \left(\left(\frac{\partial \Phi_{\tau}}{\partial t} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{\partial \Psi_{\tau}}{\partial t} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$\hat{\phi} = \phi(t+x-2X(t))$$

$$\partial \phi_{\tau} = \dot{\phi}(t-X(t)) + \dot{\phi}(t-X(t))(1-2\dot{X})$$

$$P = \left(\dot{\phi}(t-\cancel{X(t)}) (2-2\dot{X}) \right)^2 - \left(\dot{\psi}(t-\cancel{X(t)}) (2+2\dot{X}) \right)^2$$

$$P = - \left(\right)^2 \dot{X}$$

$$m \ddot{X} = - \left(\right)^2 \dot{X} + \dots$$

$$m \ddot{X} + \underbrace{\left(\right)^2 \dot{X}} = \dots$$

Damping
term.

Input.

$$\tilde{\phi}(t-x) = \frac{\alpha e^{-i\omega(t-x)} + e^{-i\omega(t+x)}}{\sqrt{2\pi|\omega|}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \vec{A}_\nu e^{-i\nu(t-x)} d\nu$$

$A(t-x)$
+ h.c.

$A_\nu \rightarrow$ annih. op for
freq $\omega + \nu$

$\omega \gg \nu$

Assume $\alpha = \text{Real.}$
 $\alpha \gg \gg 1$



$$\tilde{\psi} = \left(\int B_\nu e^{-i\nu(t-y)} d\nu \right) \frac{e^{-i\omega(t-y)}}{\sqrt{2\pi(\omega+\nu)}}$$

+ H.C

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\psi} &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\psi(t+y-2x) + \psi(t+y+2x) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \phi(t+y-2x) - \phi(t+y+2x) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(2B(t) e^{-i\nu(t+y)} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{2(e^{-i\omega(t+y+2x)} - e^{-i\omega(t+y-2x)})}{\sqrt{2\pi\omega}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

+ A - A

$$\hat{\psi} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\omega}} \left[\alpha e^{-i\omega(t+y)} (-i\omega)(4X(t)) + e^{-i\omega(t+y)} (B(t)) \right]$$

output has signal + Q.Noise.

$$X(t) = X_0 + \hat{X}(t)$$

$$\langle X_0 \rangle \gg \langle X^2 \rangle$$

$\tilde{\psi} \rightarrow$ Detector $\rightarrow$ counts photons coming out.

Photon flux:

$$\text{Photon \#} = \frac{i}{2} \int \left[\tilde{\psi}^{\dagger} \partial_t \tilde{\psi} - (\partial_x \tilde{\psi}^{\dagger}) \tilde{\psi} \right] dx$$

$$\text{Photon flux} = \frac{i}{2} \left[\tilde{\psi}^{\dagger} \partial_x \tilde{\psi} - \partial_x \tilde{\psi}^{\dagger} \tilde{\psi} \right]$$

Linearize with $\hat{\chi}, B, B^{\dagger}$ (χ_0 not lin.)

$$NF = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\alpha^2 \chi_0^2 \omega^2 + \alpha \omega \chi_0 i (B - B^{\dagger}) + 2 \omega^2 \chi_0 \frac{\overline{\hat{\chi}(t)}}{B + B^{\dagger}} \right]$$

$$\langle N_F \rangle = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(|\alpha|^2 \chi_0^2 \omega^2 + 2\alpha^2 \omega^2 \chi_0 \right) \int \frac{F_v(e^{-v\tau})}{-v^2 m} dv$$

$$\langle (VE - \langle N_F \rangle)^2 \rangle$$

$$= \left\langle \left(\alpha \omega \chi_0 i(n_+ - n_-) + 2\alpha^2 \omega^2 \chi_0 a \frac{(B_+ + B_-)}{Mv^2} \right)^2 \right\rangle$$

$$B|0\rangle = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{e^{i\phi} B + e^{-i\phi} B^\dagger}{2} \right)^2$$

Squeezed State.

By making $B_{\nu} e^{i\delta_{\nu}} + B_{-\nu}^{\dagger} e^{-i\delta_{\nu}}$
small/noise.

Reduce the Quantum
noise 'by a lot.'

Grav Wave Detector.
